

**Judges' Retirement System  
of the  
State of Montana**

**Actuarial Valuation  
as of June 30, 2014**

**Produced by [Cheiron](#)**

**September 2014**

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September 30, 2014

Public Employees' Retirement Board  
100 North Park, Suite 200  
Helena, Montana 59620

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have conducted the annual actuarial valuation of the Judges' Retirement System as of June 30, 2014. The results of the valuation are contained in this report. The purpose of the valuation is discussed in the Foreword.

This report contains information on the System's assets, as well as analyses which combine asset and liability performance and projections. The report also provides information regarding employer contribution levels and certain required disclosures for financial statements. The purpose of this report is to present the annual actuarial valuation of the Judges' Retirement System. This report is for the use of the Public Employees' Retirement Board and its auditors in preparing financial reports in accordance with applicable law and accounting requirements.

Your attention is called to the Foreword in which we refer to the general approach employed in the preparation of this report. We also comment on the sources and reliability of both the data and the actuarial assumptions on which our findings are based. The results of this report are only applicable for Fiscal Year ending 2014 and rely on future system experience conforming to the underlying assumptions. To the extent that actual system experience deviates from the underlying assumptions, the results would vary accordingly.

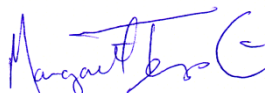
We hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge, this report and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this report. This report does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

This actuarial report was prepared exclusively for the Judges' Retirement System for the purpose described herein. This valuation report is not intended to benefit any third party, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any such party.

Sincerely,  
Cheiron



Stephen T. McElhane, FSA, FCA  
Principal Consulting Actuary



Margaret Tempkin, FSA  
Principal Consulting Actuary



**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**FOREWORD**

Cheiron has performed the Actuarial Valuation of the Judges' Retirement System as of June 30, 2014. The purpose of this report is to:

- 1) **Measure and disclose**, as of the valuation date, the financial condition of the System;
- 2) **Indicate trends** in the financial progress of the System;
- 3) **Determine the sufficiency of the statutory contribution rate** paid by the employers for Fiscal Year 2014 to meet the requirements of an actuarial rate calculated as the normal cost, administrative expense, and a level percent of pay 30-year open amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability; and
- 4) **Provide specific information** and documentation as may be required for financial statements.

An actuarial valuation establishes and analyzes system assets and liabilities on a consistent basis, and traces the progress of both from one year to the next. It includes measurement of the System's investment performance as well as an analysis of actuarial liability gains and losses.

**Section I** presents a summary containing our findings and disclosing important trends experienced by the System in recent years.

**Section II** contains details on various asset measures, together with pertinent performance measurements.

**Section III** shows similar information on system liabilities, measured for actuarial, accounting, and government reporting purposes.

**Section IV** develops the employer contribution rate determined using actuarial techniques.

**Section V** includes certain required disclosures for financial statements.

The appendices to this report contain a summary of the System's membership at the valuation date, a summary of the major provisions of the System, and the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the valuation.

In preparing our report, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the staff of the Public Employee Retirement Administration. This information includes, but is not limited to, plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23.

The actuarial assumptions reflect our understanding of the likely future experience of the System and the assumptions as a whole represent our best estimate for the future experience of the System. The results of this report are dependent upon future experience conforming to these assumptions. To the extent that future experience deviates from the actuarial assumptions, the cost of the benefits would vary from our projections.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

**General Comments**

Because the System continues to have a surplus of assets in excess of actuarial liability, there is no period to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the System's assets gained 17.03% on a market value basis. However, due to the System's asset-smoothing technique which recognizes only a portion of the gains and losses, the return on the actuarial asset value continues to reflect prior year investment gains and losses resulting in a return of 12.92%. This return was above the assumed rate of return of 7.75% and resulted in an actuarial gain on investments of \$3.6 million.

The System also experienced an actuarial gain on system liabilities resulting from salary increases different than assumed and members retiring, terminating, becoming disabled, and dying at rates different from the actuarial assumptions. The gain released \$1.0 million from the expected actuarial liability. Experience gains and losses are normal in the course of the System's experience. The System will experience actuarial gains and losses over time because we cannot predict exactly how people will behave. When a system experiences alternating gains and losses that are small compared to the total actuarial liability, then the system's actuarial assumptions are reasonable.

As of the June 30, 2014 Actuarial Valuation, the System's unfunded actuarial liability was (\$27.9) million. This is a decrease from last year's unfunded actuarial liability of (\$21.1) million. The funded ratio increased from 143% at the prior valuation to 155% at June 30, 2014.

Montana Code Annotated (MCA) 19-2-407 requires an analysis of how market performance is affecting the actuarial funding of the Retirement System. It is our understanding of the Code to report certain key results on a market value of assets basis. The market value at June 30, 2014 was \$5.8 million greater than actuarial value. If market value were used rather than actuarial value, the funded ratio on the valuation date would be 166%, and the amortization period for the unfunded actuarial liability would be zero years.

GASB Statement No. 67 became effective for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. Actuarial information related to required disclosures under GASB 67 has been provided in a separate report. Section V of this actuarial valuation report contains disclosures that have previously been required under GASB Statement No. 25, which has now been superseded by GASB 67. However, since GASB Statement No. 68 will not be effective until the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 for most employers, employers must still provide disclosures under GASB Statement No. 27 for fiscal years ending June 30, 2014. Therefore, this information is provided in a format similar to prior years.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

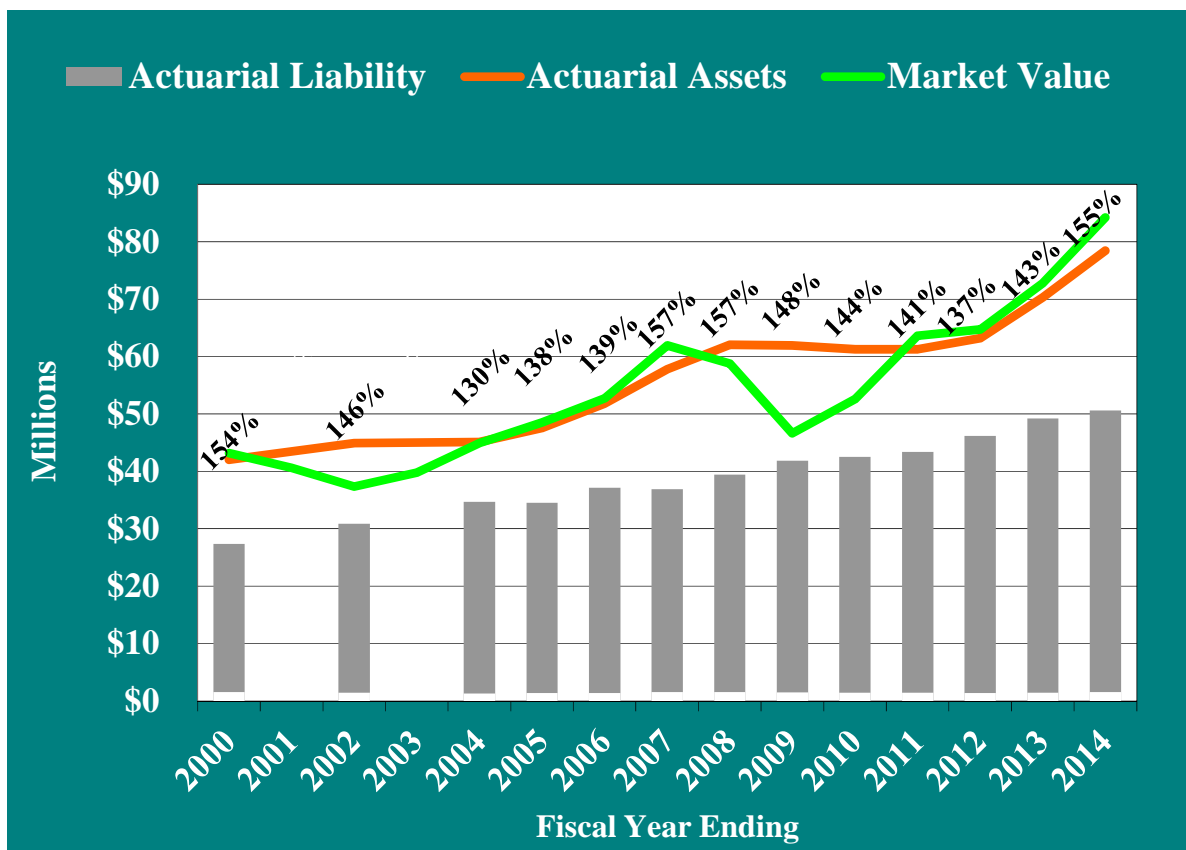
**Trends**

Assets and Liabilities

The market value of assets (MVA) increased over last year, while earning a return of 17.03%. The determination of the System's actuarial value of assets reflects only a portion of the amount by which the return differs from the assumed rate of 7.75%.

Over the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014 the System's assets returned approximately 5.4% per year measured at actuarial value, compared to a current valuation assumption of 7.75% per year.

For funding purposes, the target amount or actuarial liability (AL) is represented by the top of the gray bar. We compare the actuarial value of assets to this measure of liability in developing the funded percent. These are the percentages shown in the graph labels.



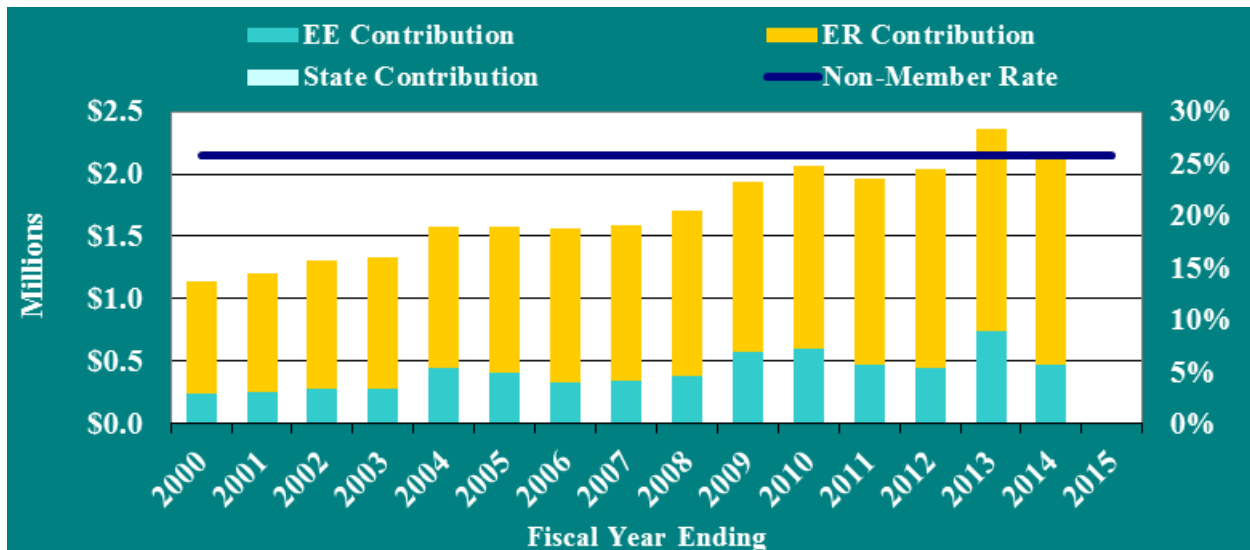
**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

Contribution Rates

The stacked bars in this graph show the contributions made by members and employers (left hand scale). The navy line shows the employer contribution rate as a percent of payroll (right hand scale).

The employer and member contribution rates are set by State law. The actuarial valuation determines the extent to which the statutory contributions will meet the requirements of funding the System.



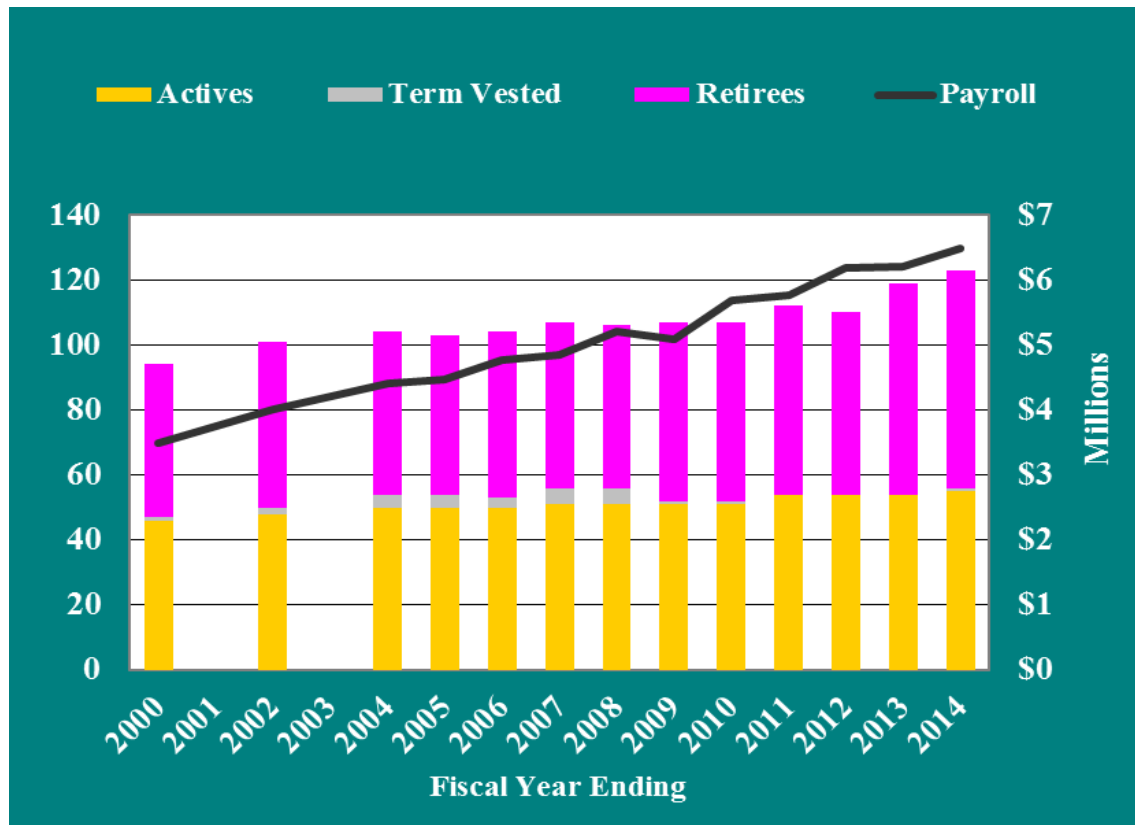
**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

Participant Trends

The bars show the number of participants in each category and should be read using the left-hand scale. As with any maturing fund, this System continues to show growth in the number of retired members. The active-to-inactive ratio has declined slightly with 1.0 actives to each inactive in 2000 and 0.8 actives for each inactive today.

The black line shows the covered payroll in the System and is read using the right-hand scale.

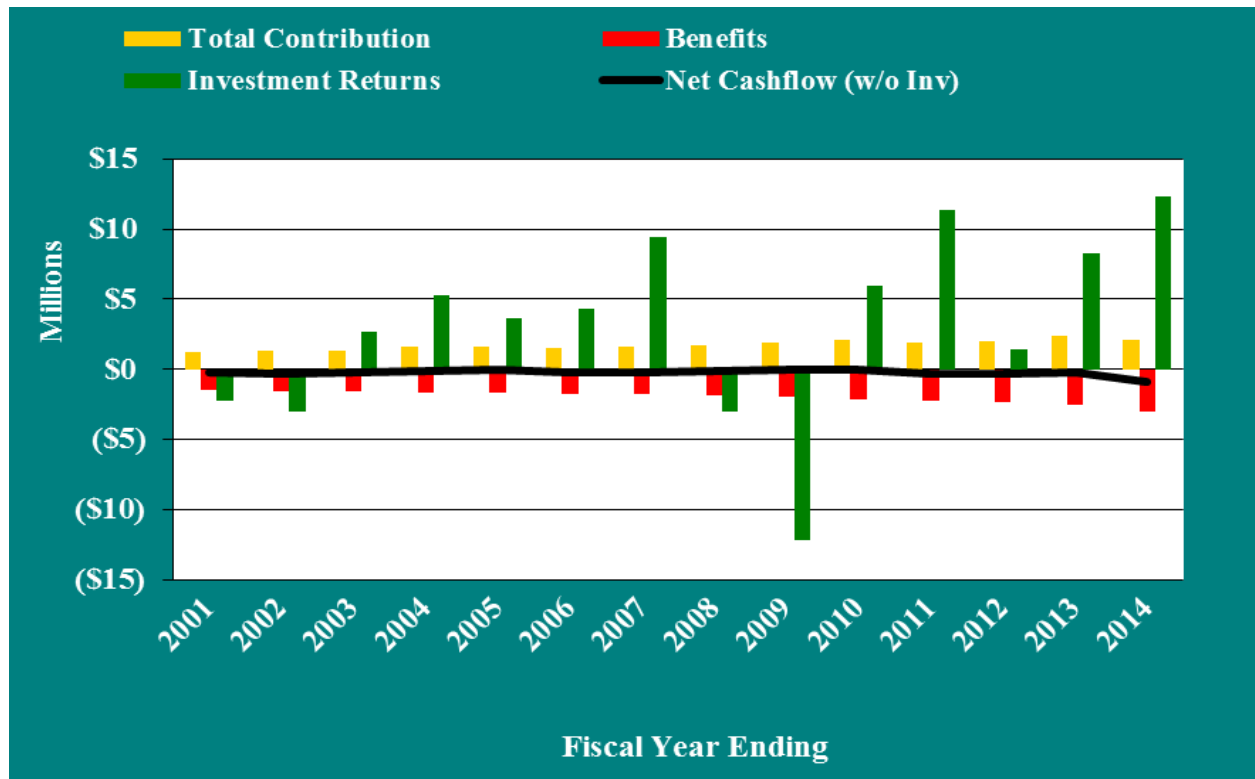


**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

Net Cash Flow

This graph shows the historical contributions compared to benefit payments. The difference between these two measures is shown in the solid black line, and is the net cash flow (without including investment returns).



**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

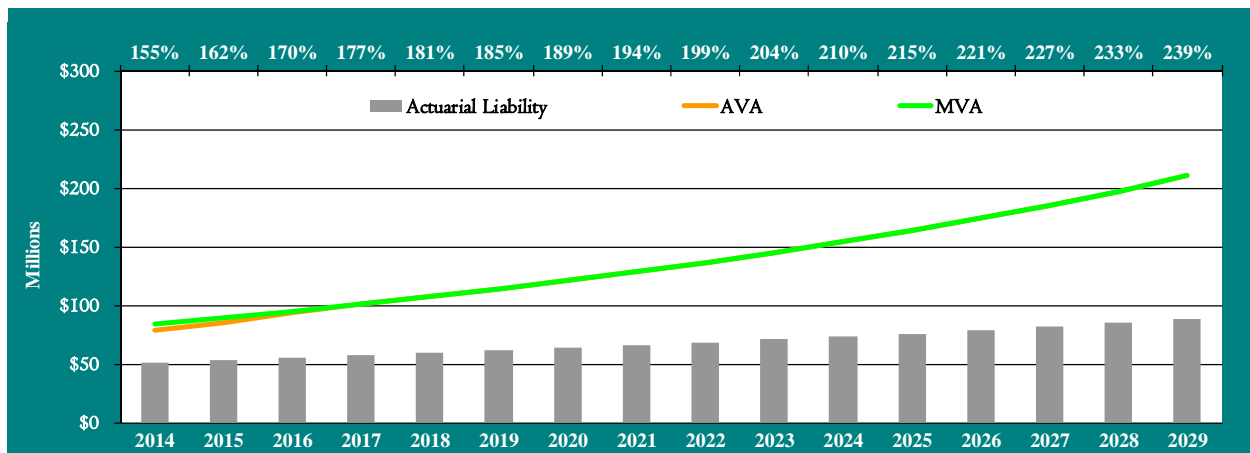
**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

**Future Outlook**

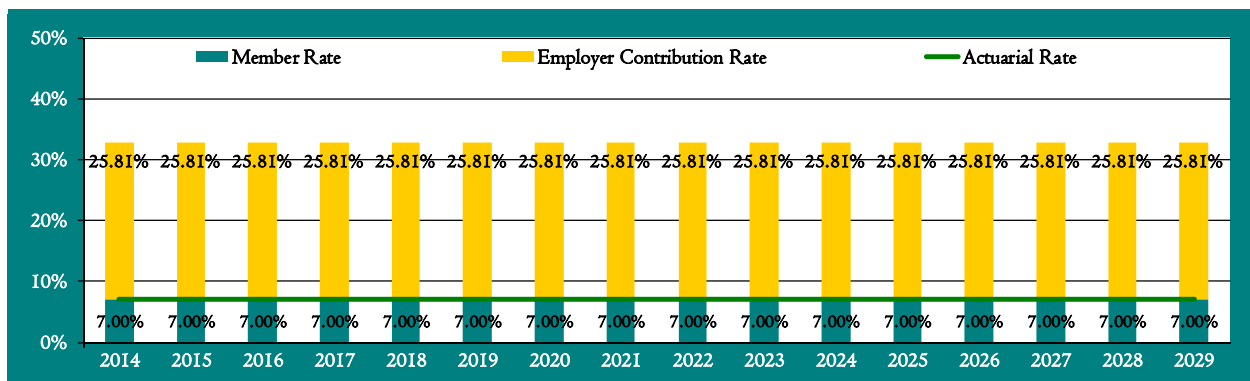
Base Line Projections

These graphs show the expected progress of the System over the next 15 years assuming the System's assets earn 7.75% on their *market value*, all other assumptions are exactly realized and that contributions continue to be made at the current statutory rates.

The chart below shows the funded status of the system is expected to increase gradually over the 15-year period.



The chart below shows that the employer portion of the Actuarial Rate will remain zero throughout the 15-year period. The Actuarial Rate is calculated as the normal cost, administrative expense, and a level percent of pay 30-year open amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability.

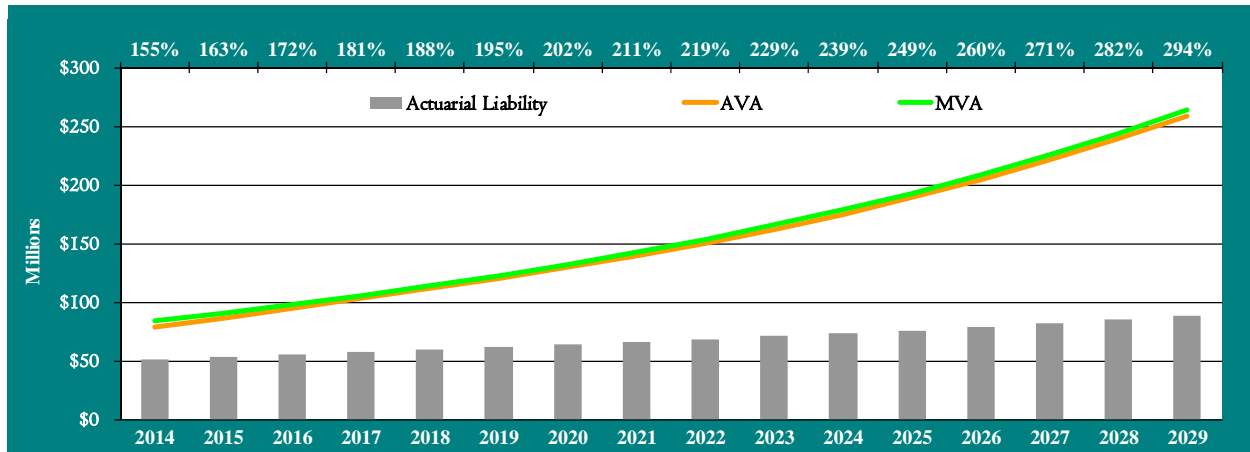


**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

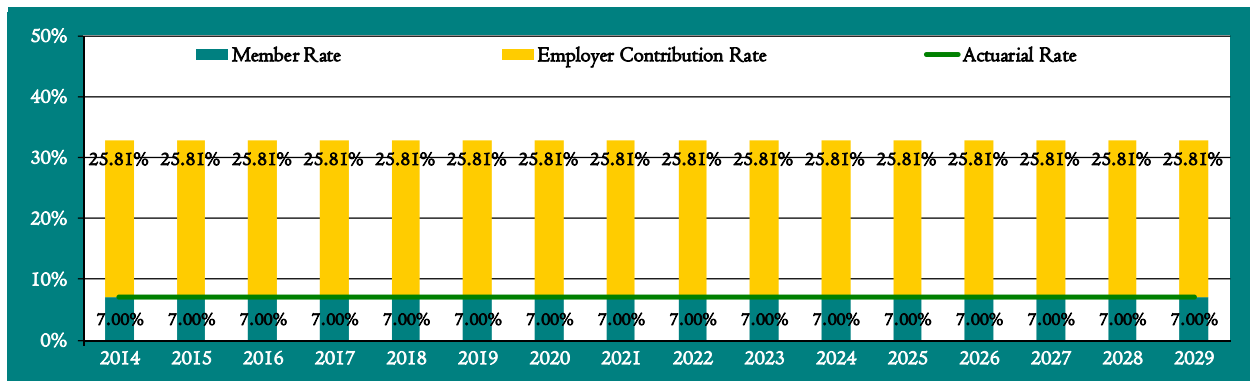
**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

Projections with Asset Returns of 9.25%

The future funding status of this System will be largely driven by the investment earnings. Due to the size of assets, as compared to liabilities, the System is in a highly leveraged position. This means that relatively minor changes in market returns can have significant effects on the System's status. These two charts below show what the next 15 years would look like with a 9.25% annual return in each year (i.e. 1.5% greater than the assumed rate of return).



Compared to the baseline projections, the funded status begins to improve more quickly exceeding 290% by the end of the 15-year period. The employer portion of the Actuarial Rate remains zero throughout the 15-year period.

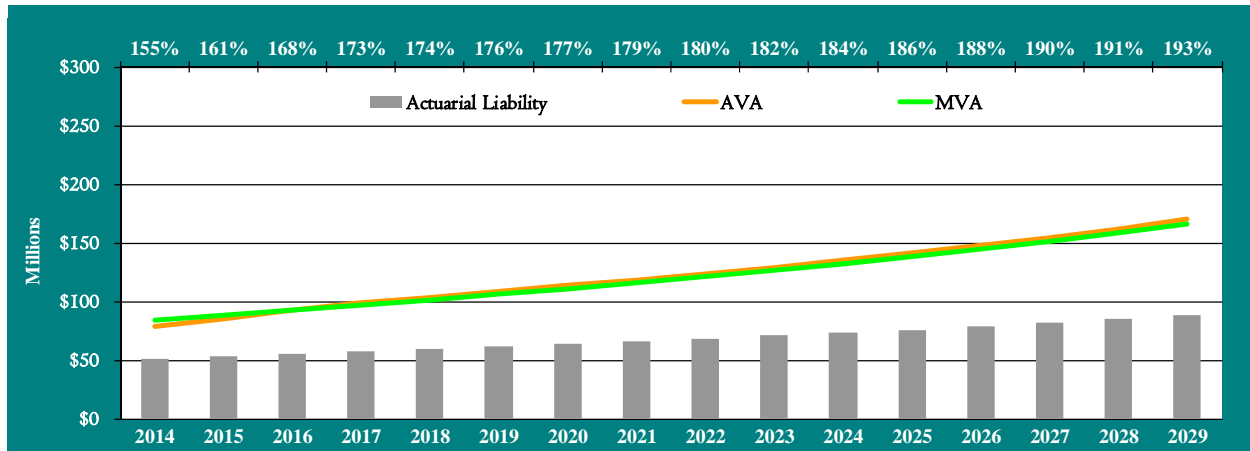


**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

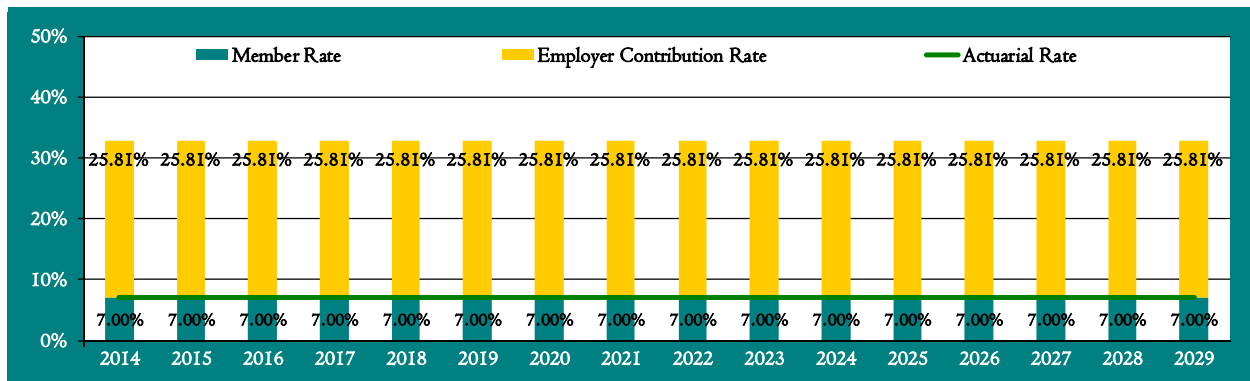
**SECTION I  
BOARD SUMMARY**

Projections with Asset Returns of 6.25%

To further demonstrate how the future funding of this System will be driven by investment earnings, we show the anticipated System funding projections if the invested assets earn 6.25% per year over the entire 15-year period (i.e., 1.5% less than the assumed rate of return).



Under this scenario the funded status continues to increase but at a slower rate than the baseline, and would reach 193% in 15 years. The employer portion of the Actuarial Rate remains zero throughout the 15-year period.



**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION I**  
**BOARD SUMMARY**

**Table I-1**  
**Judges' Retirement System**  
**Summary of Principal System Results**

<b>Valuation as of:</b>	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>	<b>% Change</b>
<b><u>Participant Counts</u></b>			
Active Members	54	55	1.9%
Disabled Members*	0	0	N/A
Retirees and Beneficiaries*	65	67	3.1%
Terminated Vested Members	0	1	N/A
Terminated Non-Vested Members	0	0	N/A
Total**	119	123	3.4%
Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$ 6,212,209	\$ 6,495,104	4.6%
Average Annual Salary	\$ 115,041	\$ 118,093	2.7%
Annual Retirement Allowances for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 2,855,061	\$ 3,021,244	5.8%
<b><u>Assets and Liabilities</u></b>			
Actuarial Liability (AL)	\$ 49,236,164	\$ 50,599,804	2.8%
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	70,322,766	78,463,414	11.6%
Unfunded AL	\$ (21,086,602)	\$ (27,863,610)	32.1%
Funded Ratio (AVA/AL)	142.8%	155.1%	
Present Value of Accrued Benefits (PVAB)	\$ 46,481,691	\$ 47,701,500	2.6%
Market Value of Assets	72,792,380	84,222,842	15.7%
Unfunded PVAB	\$ (26,310,689)	\$ (36,521,342)	38.8%
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio	156.6%	176.6%	
Ratio of Actuarial Value to Market Value	96.6%	93.2%	
<b><u>Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll</u></b>			
Statutory Funding Rate	32.81%	32.81%	
Normal Cost Rate	24.67%	24.47%	
Administrative Expense	N/A	0.15%	
Available for Amortization of UAL	8.14%	8.19%	
Period to Amortize	0.0 years	0.0 years	
Projected 30-year Level Funding Rate	6.65%	1.85%	
Projected Shortfall (Surplus)	(26.16%)	(30.96%)	

\* Based on PERA categorization for the annual report.

\*\* A reconciliation of participant counts appears at the beginning of Appendix A.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION II  
ASSETS**

Pension plan assets play a key role in the financial operation of the System and in the decisions the Trustees may make with respect to future deployment of those assets. The level of assets, the allocation of assets among asset classes, and the methodology used to measure assets will likely have an impact upon benefit levels, State contributions, and the ultimate security of participants' benefits.

In this section, we present detailed information on system assets including:

- **Disclosure** of System assets at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014;
- Statement of the **changes** in market values during the year;
- Development of the **Actuarial Value of Assets**;
- An assessment of **investment performance**; and
- A projection of the System's expected **cash flows** for the next 10 years.

**Disclosure**

The market value of assets represents "snap-shot" or "cash-out" values which provide the principal basis for measuring financial performance from one year to the next. Market values, however, can fluctuate widely with corresponding swings in the marketplace.

The actuarial values are market values which have been smoothed and are used for evaluating the System's ongoing liability to meet its obligations.

The actuarial value of assets is the current market value, adjusted by a four-year smoothing of gains and losses on a market value basis. Each year's gain or loss is determined as the difference between the actual market return and the expected market return using the assumed rate of investment return.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION II  
ASSETS**

<b>Table II-1 Changes in Market Values</b>		
<b>Value of Assets – June 30, 2013</b>		<b>\$ 72,792,380</b>
<b><u>Additions</u></b>		
Member Contributions	\$ 469,255	
Employer Contributions	1,651,483	
Investment Return	12,420,597	
Other	<u>12,206</u>	
<b>Total Additions</b>	<b>\$ 14,553,541</b>	
<b><u>Deductions</u></b>		
Benefit Payments	\$ 3,022,512	
Administrative Expenses	<u>100,567</u>	
<b>Total Deductions</b>	<b>\$ 3,123,079</b>	
<b>Value of Assets – June 30, 2014</b>		<b>\$ 84,222,842</b>

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION II  
ASSETS**

**Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)**

The actuarial value of assets represents a “smoothed” value developed by the actuary to reduce, or eliminate, volatile results which could develop from short-term fluctuations in the market value of assets. For this System, the actuarial value has been calculated by taking the market value of assets less 75% of the investment gain (loss) during the preceding year, less 50% of the investment gain (loss) during the second preceding year, and less 25% of the investment gain (loss) during the third preceding year. The tables below illustrate the calculation of actuarial value of assets for the June 30, 2014 valuation.

<b>Table II-2 Market Value Gain/(Loss)</b>	
Value of Assets – June 30, 2013	\$ 72,792,380
Total Contributions	\$ 2,132,944
Benefit Payments	(3,022,512)
Expected Return at 7.75%	<u>5,607,582</u>
Expected Value at June 30, 2014	\$ 77,510,394
Actual Value at June 30, 2014	\$ 84,222,842
Investment Gain/(Loss)	\$ 6,712,448

<b>Table II-3 Develop Excluded Gain/(Loss)</b>		
	<b>Total Gain/(Loss)</b>	<b>Excluded Portion</b>
Exclude 75% of 2014 Gain/(Loss)	\$ 6,712,448	\$ 5,034,336
Exclude 50% of 2013 Gain/(Loss)	\$ 3,211,801	\$ 1,605,901
Exclude 25% of 2012 Gain/(Loss)	\$ (3,523,234)	\$ (880,809)
Total Excluded Gain/(Loss) for AVA Calculation		\$ 5,759,428

<b>Table II-4 Actuarial Value of Assets</b>	
Market Value of Assets – June 30, 2014	\$ 84,222,842
Total Gain/(Loss) excluded	<u>5,759,428</u>
Actuarial Value of Assets – June 30, 2014	\$ 78,463,414

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION II  
ASSETS**

**Investment Performance**

The market value of assets (MVA) returned 17.03% during fiscal year ended 2014, which is more than the assumed 7.75% return. A return of 12.92% on the actuarial value of assets (AVA) is primarily the result of the asset smoothing method being utilized for the calculation of the actuarial value of assets. Since only 25% of the gain or loss from the performance of the System is recognized in a given year, in periods of very good performance, the AVA can lag significantly behind the MVA. In a period of negative returns, the AVA does not decline as rapidly as the MVA.

<b>Table II-5 Annual Rates of Return</b>		
<b>Year Ending June 30,</b>	<b>Market Value</b>	<b>Actuarial Value</b>
2005	8.10%	5.49%
2006	8.97%	9.38%
2007	17.94%	11.92%
2008	(4.83%)	7.62%
2009	(20.61%)	(0.11%)
2010	12.82%	(0.96%)
2011	21.65%	0.42%
2012	2.20%	3.63%
2013	12.72%	11.60%
2014	17.03%	12.92%

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION II  
ASSETS**

**Table II-6  
Projection of System's Benefit Payments and Contributions  
(in thousands)**

<b>Year Beginning July 1,</b>	<b>Expected Benefits</b>	<b>Expected Admin Expense</b>	<b>Expected Contributions*</b>	<b>Net Cash Flow (excluding Investment Return)</b>	<b>Expected Investment Return**</b>	<b>Net Cash Flow (including Investment Return)</b>
2014	\$ 3,388	\$ 10	\$ 2,216	\$ (1,182)	\$ 6,482	\$ 5,300
2015	3,510	11	2,305	(1,216)	6,892	5,676
2016	3,816	11	2,397	(1,430)	7,324	5,894
2017	4,050	11	2,493	(1,568)	7,775	6,207
2018	4,113	12	2,593	(1,532)	8,257	6,725
2019	4,277	12	2,696	(1,593)	8,776	7,183
2020	4,741	13	2,804	(1,950)	9,320	7,370
2021	4,883	13	2,916	(1,980)	9,890	7,910
2022	5,119	14	3,033	(2,100)	10,498	8,398
2023	5,335	14	3,154	(2,195)	11,145	8,950

\* Expected contributions include Employer Contributions and Member Contributions. For illustration purposes, we have assumed that all contribution rates will remain level and that payroll will increase at the actuarially assumed rate of 4.00% per year.

\*\* Expected investment return is based upon an assumed return of 7.75% per annum.

Expected benefit payments are projected for the closed group valued at June 30, 2014. Projecting any farther than 10 years using a closed-group would not yield reliable predictions due to the omission of new hires.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION III  
LIABILITIES**

In this section, we present detailed information on System liabilities including:

- **Disclosure** of System liabilities at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014;
- Statement of **changes** in these liabilities during the year;
- Details on the source of actuarial gains and losses between this valuation and the last, and
- Development of actuarial unfunded liability on a market value basis as required under MCA 19-2-407.

**Disclosure**

Several types of liabilities are calculated and presented in this report. Each type is distinguished by the people ultimately using the figures and the purpose for which they are using them.

- **Present Value of Benefits:** Used for analyzing the financial outlook of the System, this represents the amount of money needed today to fully pay off all future benefits and expenses of the System for the current participants, assuming participants continue to accrue benefits and all of the assumptions are met.
- **Actuarial Liability:** Used for funding calculations and GASB disclosures, this liability is calculated taking the Present Value of Benefits and subtracting the present value of future Member Contributions and future Employer Normal Costs under an acceptable actuarial funding method. This method is referred to as the **Entry Age Normal** (EAN) funding method.
- **Present Value of Accrued Benefits:** Used for communicating the current level of liabilities, this liability represents the total amount of money needed today to fully pay off the current accrued obligations of the System, assuming no future accruals of benefits. These liabilities are also required for accounting purposes (FASB ASC Topic No. 960) and used to assess whether the System can meet its current benefit commitments.

The following table discloses each of these liabilities for the current and prior valuations. With respect to each disclosure, a subtraction of the appropriate value of System assets yields, for each respective liability type, a **net surplus** or an **unfunded liability**.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION III  
LIABILITIES**

<b>Table III-1</b>		
<b>Liabilities/Net (Surplus)/Unfunded</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
<b><u>Present Value of Benefits</u></b>		
Active Participant Benefits	\$ 27,819,041	\$ 27,763,998
Retiree and Inactive Benefits	31,708,651	33,041,366
<b>Present Value of Benefits (PVB)</b>	<b>\$ 59,527,692</b>	<b>\$ 60,805,364</b>
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$ 72,792,380	\$ 84,222,842
Future Member Contributions	3,065,249	3,086,441
Future Employer Contributions	11,302,011	11,380,149
Funding Shortfall/(Surplus)	\$ (27,631,948)	\$ (37,884,068)
<b>Total Resources</b>	<b>\$ 59,527,692</b>	<b>\$ 60,805,364</b>
<b><u>Actuarial Liability</u></b>		
Present Value of Benefits (PVB)	\$ 59,527,692	\$ 60,805,364
Present Value of Future Normal Costs (PVFNC)	10,291,528	10,205,560
<b>Actuarial Liability (AL=PVB-PVFNC)</b>	<b>49,236,164</b>	<b>50,599,804</b>
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	70,322,766	78,463,414
<b>Net (Surplus)/Unfunded (AL – AVA)</b>	<b>\$ (21,086,602)</b>	<b>\$ (27,863,610)</b>
<b><u>Present Value of Accrued Benefits</u></b>		
Present Value of Benefits (PVB)	\$ 59,527,692	\$ 60,805,364
Present Value of Future Benefit Accruals (PVFBA)	13,046,001	13,103,864
<b>Present Value of Accrued Benefits (PVAB=PVB-PVFBA)</b>	<b>\$ 46,481,691</b>	<b>\$ 47,701,500</b>
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	72,792,380	84,222,842
<b>Net Unfunded (PVAB – MVA)</b>	<b>\$ (26,310,689)</b>	<b>\$ (36,521,342)</b>

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION III  
LIABILITIES**

**Changes in Liabilities**

Each of the Liabilities disclosed in the prior table are expected to change at each valuation. The components of that change, depending upon which liability is analyzed, can include:

- New hires since the last valuation
- Benefits accrued since the last valuation
- System amendments changing benefits
- Passage of time which adds interest to the prior liability
- Benefits paid to retirees since the last valuation
- Participants retiring, terminating, or dying at rates different than expected
- A change in actuarial or investment assumptions
- A change in the actuarial funding method

Unfunded liabilities will change because of all of the above, and also due to changes in the System's assets resulting from:

- Employer contributions different than expected
- Investment earnings different than expected
- A change in the method used to measure system assets

In each valuation, we report on those elements of change which are of particular significance, potentially affecting the long-term financial outlook of the System. Below, we present key changes in liabilities since the last valuation. On the next page, we provide more detail on the sources of the actuarial (gain)/loss as measured on the basis of actuarial liability.

<b>Table III-2 Changes in Liabilities</b>			
	<b>Present Value of Benefits</b>	<b>Actuarial Liability</b>	<b>Present Value of Accrued Liability</b>
Liabilities June 30, 2013	\$ 59,527,692	\$ 49,236,164	\$ 46,481,691
Liabilities June 30, 2014	\$ 60,805,364	\$ 50,599,804	\$ 47,701,500
Liability			
Increase (Decrease)	\$ 1,277,672	\$ 1,363,640	\$ 1,219,809
Change Due to:			
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	NC*	\$ (1,032,091)	NC*
Plan Changes	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
Benefits Accumulated and Other			
Sources	1,277,672	2,395,731	1,219,809

\* NC = not calculated.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION III  
LIABILITIES**

**Table III-3  
Summary of Actuarial Gains and Losses as of June 30, 2014**

Actuarial Liabilities as of June 30, 2013	\$ 49,236,164
Normal Cost	1,593,854
Actual Benefit Payments	(3,022,512)
Interest	3,824,389
Expected Actuarial Liability as of June 30, 2014	\$ 51,631,895
Actuarial Liability as of June 30, 2014	\$ 50,599,804
Liability (Gain)/Loss	\$ (1,032,091)
Sources of Liability (Gain)/Loss	
Salary (Gain)/Loss	\$ (130,791)
New Participant (Gain)/Loss	93,538
Active Retirements (Gain)/Loss	(619,074)
Active Terminations (Gain)/Loss	(263,056)
Active Deaths (Gain)/Loss	(49,654)
Active Disability (Gain)/Loss	(7,882)
Inactive Mortality (Gain)/Loss	(258,428)
Other (Gain)/Loss	203,256
Actuarial Liability as of June 30, 2014	\$ 50,599,804
Liability (Gain)/Loss due to plan changes	\$ 0
Actuarial Value of Assets as of June 30, 2013	\$ 70,322,766
Net Cash Flow	(889,568)
Expected Earnings	5,416,187
Expected Actuarial Value of Assets as of June 30, 2014	\$ 74,849,385
Actuarial Value of Assets as of June 30, 2014	\$ 78,463,414
Investment (Gain)/Loss	\$ (3,614,029)
Total Liability (Gain)/Loss	(1,032,091)
Total Actuarial (Gain)/Loss	\$ (4,646,120)

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION III  
LIABILITIES**

Table III-4 shows the actuarial liabilities as of the prior and current valuation dates. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets. The funded ratio is the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial liability.

<b>Table III-4 Actuarial Liabilities for Funding</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
1. Actuarial Liabilities		
Retiree and Inactive Benefits	\$ 31,708,651	\$ 33,041,366
Active Member Benefits	<u>17,527,513</u>	<u>17,558,438</u>
<b>Total Actuarial Liability</b>	<b>\$ 49,236,164</b>	<b>\$ 50,599,804</b>
2. Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 70,322,766	\$ 78,463,414
3. Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ (21,086,602)	\$ (27,863,610)
4. Funded Ratio	142.8%	155.1%

Montana Code Annotated (MCA) 19-2-407 requires an analysis of how market performance is affecting the actuarial funding of the System. Table III-5 presented below shows the same information as in Table III-4 above, but using market value of assets rather than actuarial value of assets.

<b>Table III-5 Actuarial Liabilities on Market Value Basis (MCA 19-2-407)</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
1. Actuarial Liabilities		
Retiree and Inactive Benefits	\$ 31,708,651	\$ 33,041,366
Active Member Benefits	<u>17,527,513</u>	<u>17,558,438</u>
<b>Total Actuarial Liability</b>	<b>\$ 49,236,164</b>	<b>\$ 50,599,804</b>
2. Market Value of Assets	\$ 72,792,380	\$ 84,222,842
3. Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ (23,556,216)	\$ (33,623,038)
4. Funded Ratio	147.8%	166.4%

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION IV  
CONTRIBUTIONS**

In the process of evaluating the financial condition of any pension plan, the actuary analyzes the assets and liabilities to determine what level (if any) of contributions is needed to properly maintain the funding status of the System. Typically, the actuarial process will use a funding technique that will result in a pattern of contributions that are both stable and predictable.

For this System, the funding method employed is the **Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method**. Under this method, there are three components to the total contribution: the **normal cost rate**, the **unfunded actuarial liability rate** (UAL rate), and the **administrative expense rate**. The normal cost rate is determined by taking the value, as of entry age into the System, of each member's projected future benefits. This value is then divided by the value, also at entry age, of each member's expected future salary. The normal cost rate is multiplied by current salary to determine each member's normal cost rate. Finally, the total normal cost rate is reduced by the member contribution to produce the employer normal cost rate. The difference between the EAN actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets is the unfunded actuarial liability.

For purposes of determining the adequacy of the statutory funding rate, the UAL rate is calculated by subtracting the normal cost rate from the statutory rate. A calculation is then made to determine the period over which the UAL rate will amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. A second UAL rate is calculated based upon a 30-year amortization of the UAL, which, consistent with prior years, is the maximum amortization period that was permitted under GASB Statement No. 25. However, this rate should not necessarily be construed as a recommended contribution level. All UAL payments are determined as a level percentage of pay, assuming that total pay increases by the annual inflation rate of 4.00%.

The assumed administrative expense rate is 0.15% of payroll. This rate, when applied to payroll, is intended to provide an allowance above the cost of funding the benefits to pay for the expense of operating this System.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION IV  
CONTRIBUTIONS**

The tables below present and compare the contribution rates for the System for this valuation and the prior one.

<b>Table IV-1 Statutory Basis</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
Statutory Funding Rates		
Members	7.00%	7.00%
Employers	25.81%	25.81%
Total	32.81%	32.81%
Normal Cost Rate	24.67%	24.47%
Administrative Expense	N/A	0.15%
Funding Rate Available for Amortization	8.14%	8.19%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	\$ (21,086,602)	\$ (27,863,610)
Years to Amortize*	0.0 years	0.0 years

\* On a market value basis, the Years to Amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Liability were 0.0 years at June 30, 2013 and 0.0 years at June 30, 2014.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION IV  
CONTRIBUTIONS**

<b>Table IV-2 Calculated Contribution Basis</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
Normal Cost Rate	24.67%	24.47%
Amortization Payment (30-years)	(18.02%)	(22.77%)
Administrative Expense	<u>N/A</u>	<u>0.15%</u>
Total Calculated Contribution Rate	6.65%	1.85%
Less Statutory Rate	<u>32.81%</u>	<u>32.81%</u>
Shortfall (Surplus) in Statutory Rate	(26.16%)	(30.96%)

<b>Table IV-3 Calculated Contribution on Market Value (MCA 19-2-407)</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
Normal Cost Rate	24.67%	24.47%
Amortization Payment (30-years)	(20.13%)	(27.48%)
Administrative Expense	<u>N/A</u>	<u>0.15%</u>
Total Calculated Contribution Rate	4.54%	(2.86%)
Less Statutory Rate	<u>32.81%</u>	<u>32.81%</u>
Shortfall (Surplus) in Statutory Rate	(28.27%)	(35.67%)

The following table projects results for the next five valuations (assuming all assumptions are met, including 7.75% return).

<b>Table IV-4 Projected Actuarial Contribution Rates</b>	
<b>Valuation Year</b>	<b>Rate</b>
2015	7.00%*
2016	7.00%*
2017	7.00%*
2018	7.00%*
2019	7.00%*

\*Member contribution rate only.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION V  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION**

Prior to the current plan year, Statement No. 25 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) established standards for disclosure of pension information by public employee retirement systems (PERS) and governmental employers in notes to financial statements and supplementary information. While GASB-25 is no longer applicable for this System, the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27 remain in effect for the employer(s) who contribute(s) to the System. Therefore, the GASB-25 information is provided similarly as in prior years. The GASB-25 actuarial liability is the same as the actuarial liability amount calculated for funding purposes.

GASB-25 was replaced by GASB-67 effective June 30, 2014 for plan disclosures, which have been provided in a separate report. For employers with June 30 fiscal years, GASB-68 will replace GASB-27 effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

Accounting Standard Codification Topic No. 960 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board specifies certain information for a plan to disclose regarding its funded status. The FASB ASC Topic No. 960 disclosures provide a quasi "snap shot" view of how the System's assets compare to its liabilities if contributions stopped and accrued benefit claims had to be satisfied. However, due to potential legal requirements and the possibility that alternative interest rates would have to be used to determine the liabilities, these values may not be a good indication of the amount of money it would take to buy the benefits for all members if the System were to terminate.

Both the present value of accrued benefits (FASB ASC Topic No. 960) and the actuarial liability (GASB-25/27) are determined assuming that the System is on-going and participants continue to terminate employment, retire, etc., in accordance with the actuarial assumptions. Liabilities are discounted at the assumed valuation interest rate of 7.75% per annum.

FASB ASC Topic No. 960 specifies that a comparison of the present value of accrued (accumulated) benefits with the market value of the assets as of the valuation date must be provided. GASB Statement No. 25/27 required the actuarial liability be compared with the actuarial value of assets for funding purposes. The relevant amounts as of June 30, 2014 are exhibited in Table V-1.

Table V-2, Note to Required Supplementary Information, may be used for employers' CAFRs in relation to GASB-27.

Tables V-3 through V-5 are exhibits which may be used for the System's CAFR. Table V-3 is a history of gains and losses in Accrued Liability, Table V-4 is the Schedule of Funding Progress, and Table V-5 is the Solvency Test which shows the portion of Accrued Liability covered by Assets.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION V  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION**

<b>Table V-1 Financial Statement Information</b>		
	<b>June 30, 2013</b>	<b>June 30, 2014</b>
<b>A. FASB ASC Topic No. 960 Basis</b>		
1. Present Value of Benefits Accrued and Vested to Date		
a. Members Currently Receiving Payments	\$ 31,708,651	\$ 32,776,109
b. Former Vested Members	0	265,257
c. Active Members	<u>14,773,040</u>	<u>14,660,134</u>
2. Total Present Value of Accrued Benefits (1 (a) + 1(b) + 1(c))	\$ 46,481,691	\$ 47,701,500
3. Assets at Market Value	<u>72,792,380</u>	<u>84,222,842</u>
4. Unfunded Present Value of Accrued Benefits (2 – 3)	\$ (26,310,689)	\$ (36,521,342)
5. Ratio of Assets to Present Value of Benefits (3 / 2)	156.6%	176.6%
<b>B. GASB No. 25/27 Basis</b>		
1. Actuarial Liabilities for retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$ 31,708,651	\$ 33,041,366
2. Actuarial Liabilities for current employees	<u>17,527,513</u>	<u>17,558,438</u>
3. Total Actuarial Liability (1 + 2)	\$ 49,236,164	\$ 50,599,804
4. Net Actuarial Assets available for benefits	<u>70,322,766</u>	<u>78,463,414</u>
5. Unfunded Actuarial Liability (3 – 4)	\$ (21,086,602)	\$ (27,863,610)

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION V  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION**

**Table V-2  
Note To Required Supplementary Information**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Open
Remaining amortization period for Actuarial Contribution	30 years
Asset valuation method	Four-Year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	7.75%
General wage growth*	4.00%
Merit salary increases	0.00%
*Includes inflation at	3.00%

The actuarial assumptions used have been recommended based on the most recent review of the System's experience (completed in 2010) and adopted by the Retirement Board.

The rate of employer contributions to the System is composed of the normal cost, amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, and an allowance for administrative expenses. The normal cost is a level percent of payroll cost which will pay for projected benefits at retirement for each participant. The actuarial liability is that portion of the present value of projected benefits that will not be paid by future normal costs. The difference between this liability and the funds accumulated as of the same date is the unfunded actuarial liability. The allowance for administrative expenses is based upon the System's recent history of administrative expenses.

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

SECTION V  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION

**Table V-3**  
**Analysis Of Financial Experience**

**Gain and Loss in Accrued Liability During Years Ended June 30**  
**Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience**

Type of Activity	<i>Gain (or Loss) for Year ending June 30, (expressed in thousands)</i>					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Investment Income on Actuarial Assets	\$ (5,032)	\$ (5,548)	\$ (4,483)	\$ (2,517)	\$ 2,427	\$ 3,614
Combined Liability Experience	<u>102</u>	<u>(1,557)</u>	<u>1,398</u>	<u>(456)</u>	<u>(675)</u>	<u>1,032</u>
(Loss)/Gain During Year from Financial Experience	\$ (4,930)	\$ (7,105)	\$ (3,085)	\$ (2,973)	\$ 1,752	\$ 4,646
Non-Recurring Items	<u>0</u>	<u>3,215</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year	\$ (4,930)	\$ (3,890)	\$ (3,085)	\$ (2,973)	\$ 1,752	\$ 4,646

**Table V-4**  
**Schedule Of Funding Progress**  
**(expressed in thousands)**

Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 78,463	\$ 50,600	155 %	\$ (27,863)	\$ 6,355	(438) %
2013	70,323	49,236	143 %	(21,087)	6,276	(336) %
2012	63,195	46,190	137 %	(17,005)	6,193	(275) %
2011	61,274	43,414	141 %	(17,860)	5,645	(316) %
2010	61,277	42,513	144 %	(18,764)	5,687	(330) %
2009	61,929	41,848	148 %	(20,081)	5,110	(393) %

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**SECTION V  
FINANCIAL STATEMENT INFORMATION**

**Table V-5  
Solvency Test  
Aggregate Accrued Liabilities for  
(expressed in thousands)**

Valuation Date June 30,	Active Member Contributions (1)	Retirees & Beneficiaries (2)	Active Member Employer Financed Contributions (3)	Actuarial Value of Reported Assets	Portion of Accrued Liabilities Covered by Reported Assets		
					(1)	(2)	(3)
2014	\$ 4,623	32,776	\$ 13,201	\$ 78,463	100 %	100 %	311 %
2013	4,733	31,709	12,795	70,323	100 %	100 %	265 %
2012	5,575	24,631	15,985	63,195	100 %	100 %	206 %
2011	5,115	24,692	13,607	61,274	100 %	100 %	231 %
2010	5,207	22,279	15,027	61,277	100 %	100 %	225 %
2009	4,790	21,624	15,433	61,929	100 %	100 %	230 %

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

<b>Reconciliation of Participant Counts</b>						
	<b>Active</b>	<b>Disabled</b>	<b>Retirees and Beneficiaries</b>	<b>Terminated Vested Members</b>	<b>Terminated Non-Vested Members</b>	<b>Total</b>
Participant counts used for valuation	55	-	67	1	-	123
Disabled members having attained normal retirement age		-	-			-
Beneficiaries of Disabled Members						-
Beneficiaries with less than one year of certain payments remaining			-			-
Other Adjustments						-
Participant counts shown in Annual Financial Report	55	-	67	1	-	123

This chart is presented for informational purposes only. The counts shown in the valuation line were used for preparation of the liabilities disclosed within this report. The counts disclosed for the Annual Financial Report and the Board Summary (page 9) match the CAFR reports at the request of the Board.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

<b>Status Reconciliation</b>							
	<b>Active</b>	<b>Retired</b>	<b>Vested</b>	<b>Non Vested</b>	<b>Disabled</b>	<b>Survivor</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Members on July 1, 2013</b>	54	39	0	0	0	26	119
<b>New Hires</b>	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
<b>Rehires</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Retired</b>	(3)	3	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Terminated Vested</b>	(1)	0	1	0	0	0	0
<b>Terminated Non Vested</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Active Deaths</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Became Disabled</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>In Pay Deaths</b>	0	(1)	0	0	0	0	(1)
<b>Survivors</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Cash Out</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Members on July 1, 2014</b>	55	41	1	0	0	26	123

The salaries used in the tables and charts which follow are different than the salaries used for the Board Summary on page 9. For this Appendix A, the valuation projected salaries to be paid for the following fiscal year, whereas for the Board Summary, salaries are applicable in the year ending on the valuation date.

The benefits for retirees and beneficiaries used for the tables and charts which follow are different than the benefits used for the Board Summary on page 9. For this Appendix A, the valuation projected benefits to be paid for the following fiscal year (including GABA where applicable), whereas for the Board Summary, annual benefits are as of the valuation date.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Active Members  
by Age and Service as of June 30, 2014**

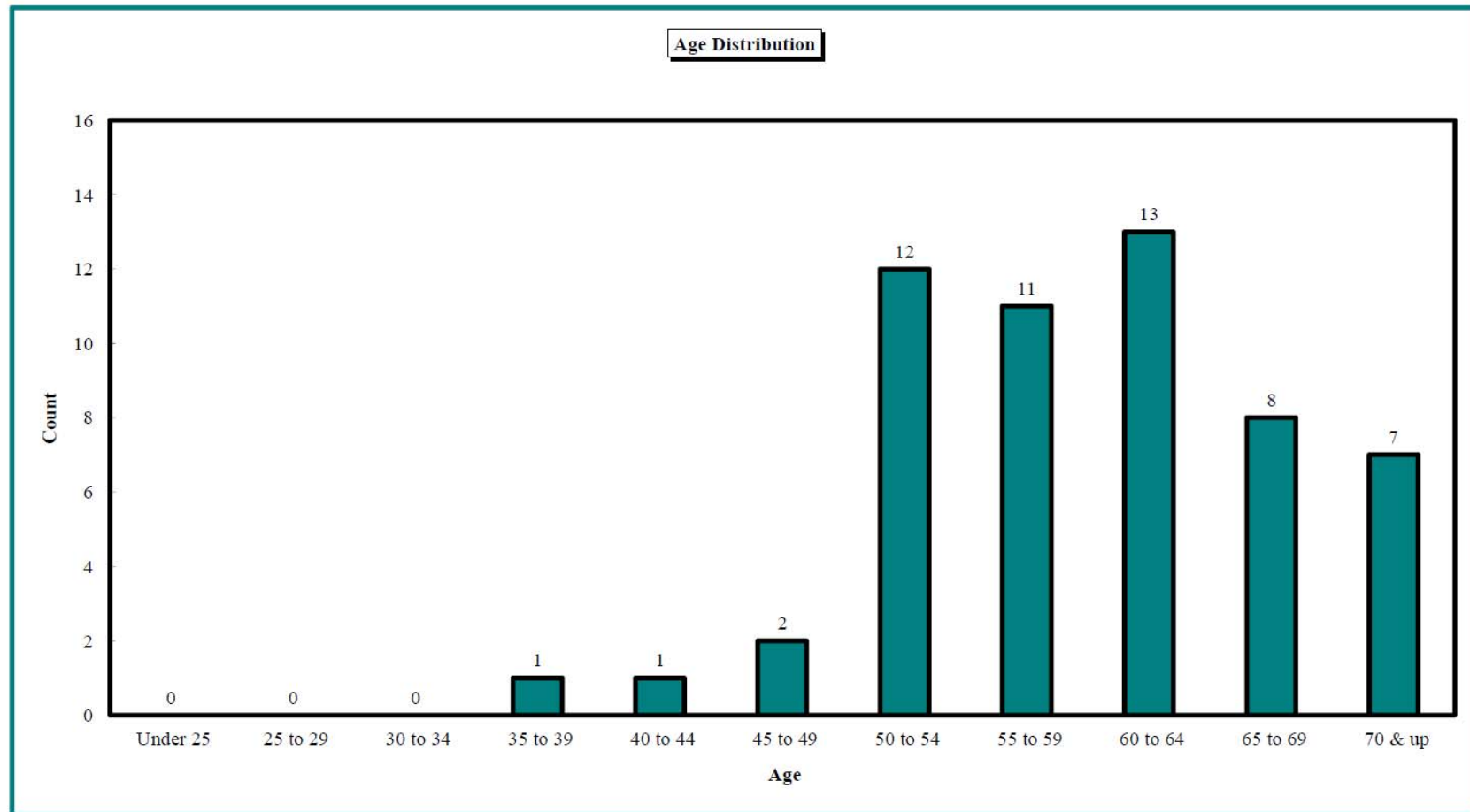
**COUNTS BY AGE/SERVICE**

Age	Service										Total
	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & up	
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 to 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 to 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35 to 39	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
40 to 44	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
45 to 49	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
50 to 54	0	4	3	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	12
55 to 59	0	4	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
60 to 64	2	2	0	4	1	3	1	0	0	0	13
65 to 69	1	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	8
70 & up	0	2	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	7
Total	5	15	9	12	5	5	4	0	0	0	55

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

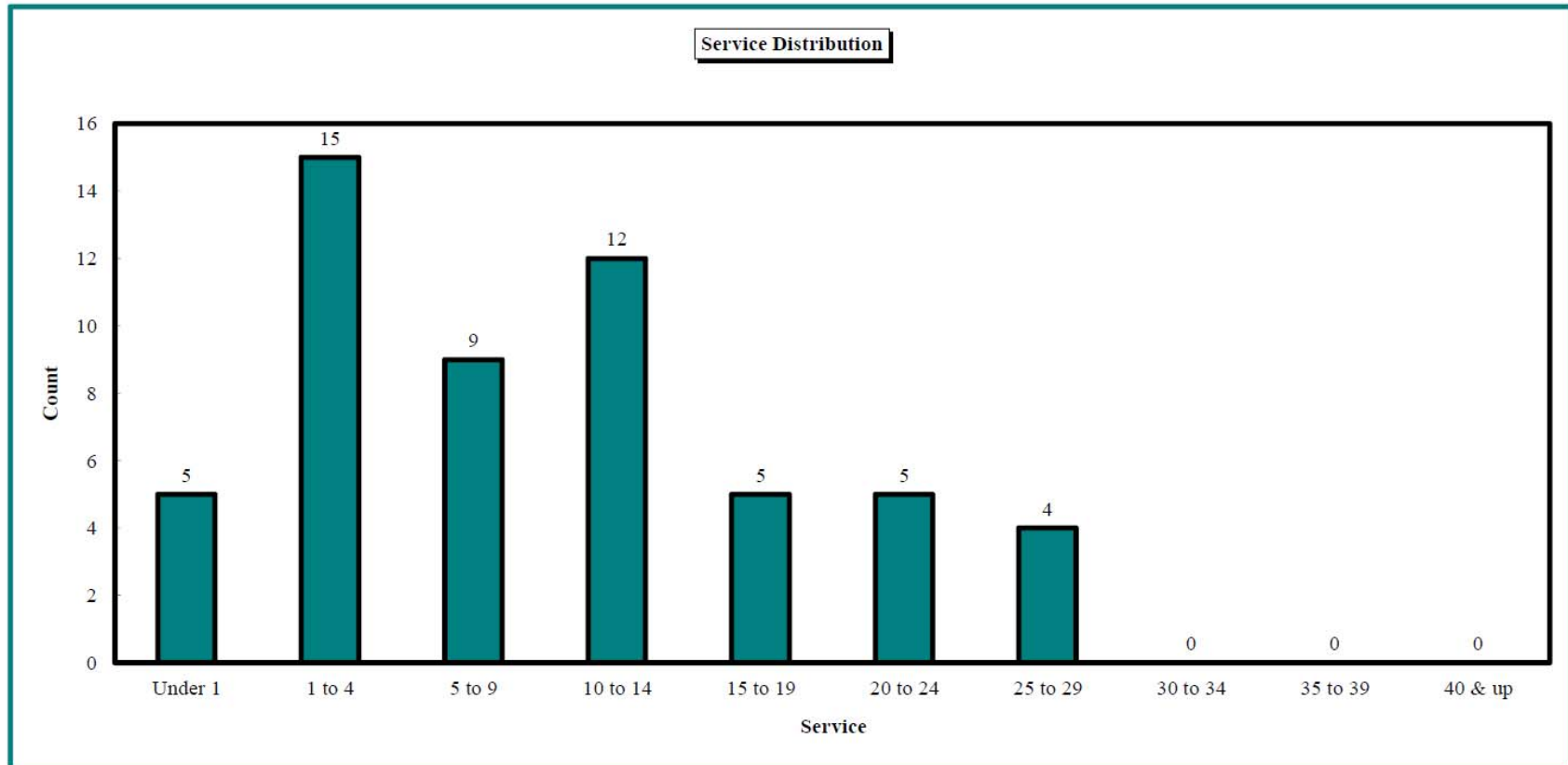
**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Active Members  
by Age as of June 30, 2014**



JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Active Members  
by Service as of June 30, 2014**



**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Active Members  
by Age and Service as of June 30, 2014**

*AVERAGE SALARY BY AGE/SERVICE*

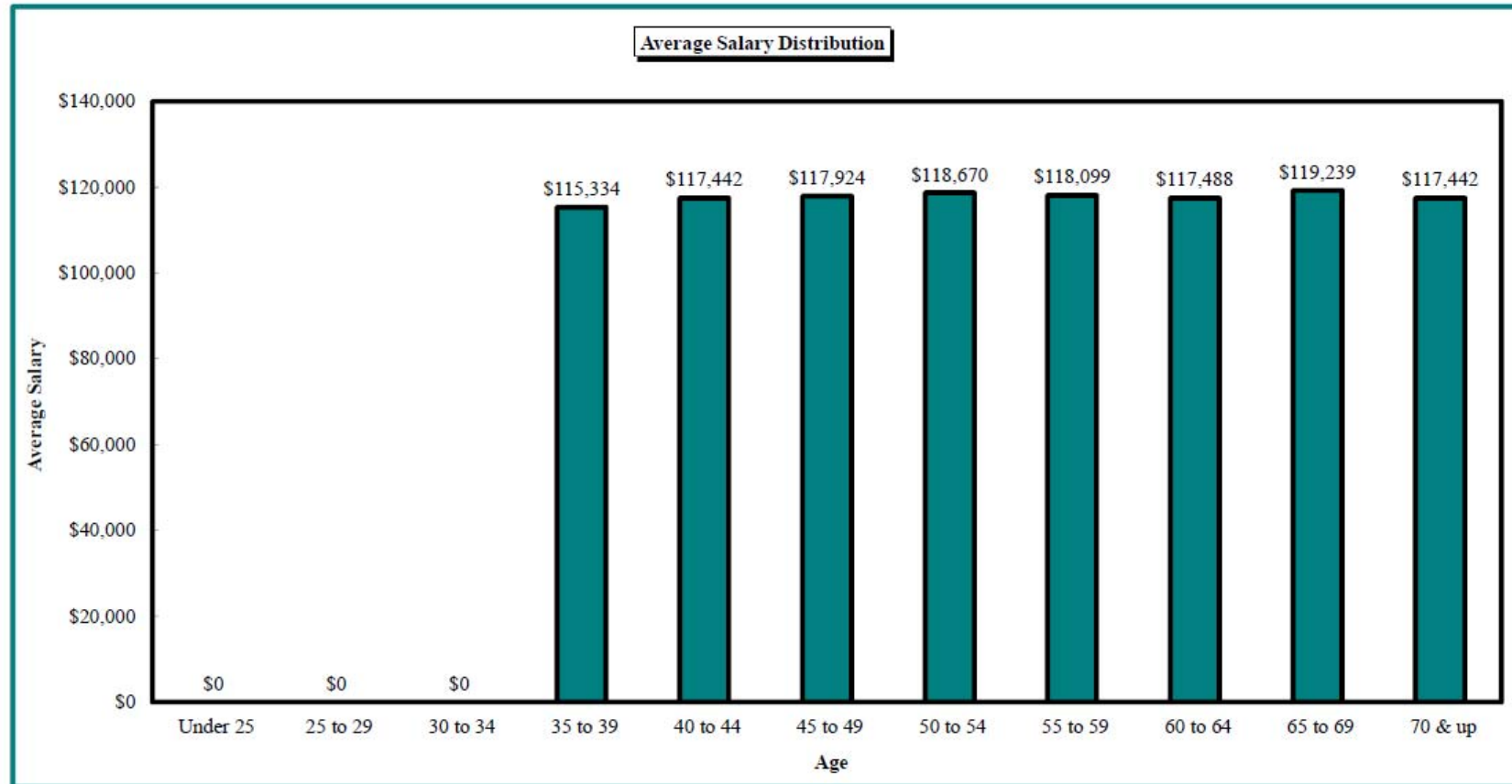
Age	Service										Total
	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & up	
Under 25	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
25 to 29	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
30 to 34	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
35 to 39	\$115,334	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$115,334
40 to 44	\$0	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$117,442
45 to 49	\$118,405	\$0	\$0	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$117,924
50 to 54	\$0	\$117,442	\$122,354	\$117,442	\$0	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$118,670
55 to 59	\$0	\$117,407	\$117,442	\$119,898	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$118,099
60 to 64	\$114,059	\$117,442	\$0	\$119,284	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$117,488
65 to 69	\$115,773	\$117,442	\$125,464	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$0	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$119,239
70 & up	\$0	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$0	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$117,442
Total	\$115,526	\$117,433	\$120,862	\$118,670	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$117,442	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$118,093

The salary shown in the above chart was used for valuation purposes and assumes pay increases for the year.

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

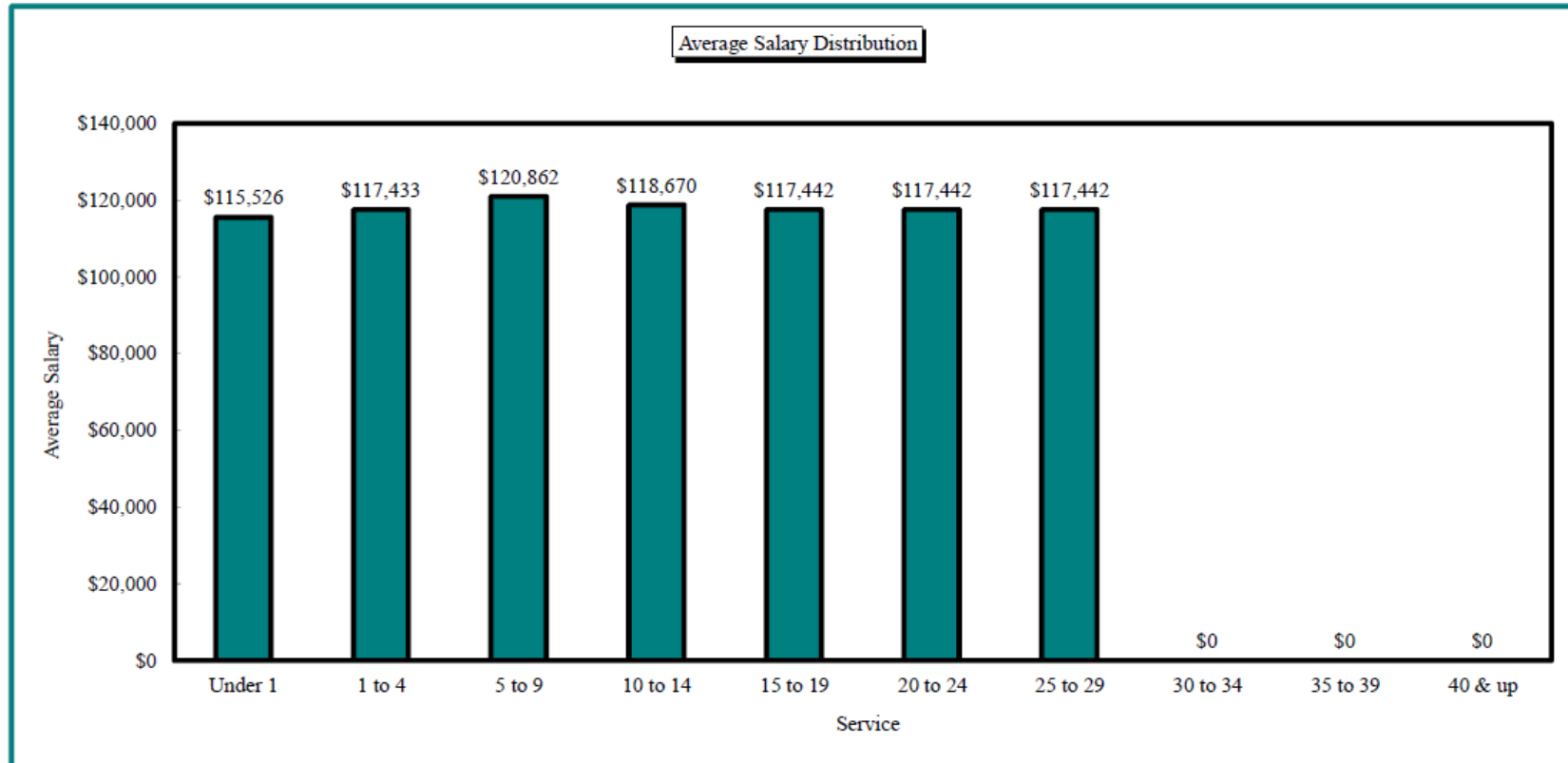
**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Active Members  
by Age as of June 30, 2014**



JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Active Members  
by Service as of June 30, 2014**



**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Retired Members, Survivors,  
and Disabled Members as of June 30, 2014**

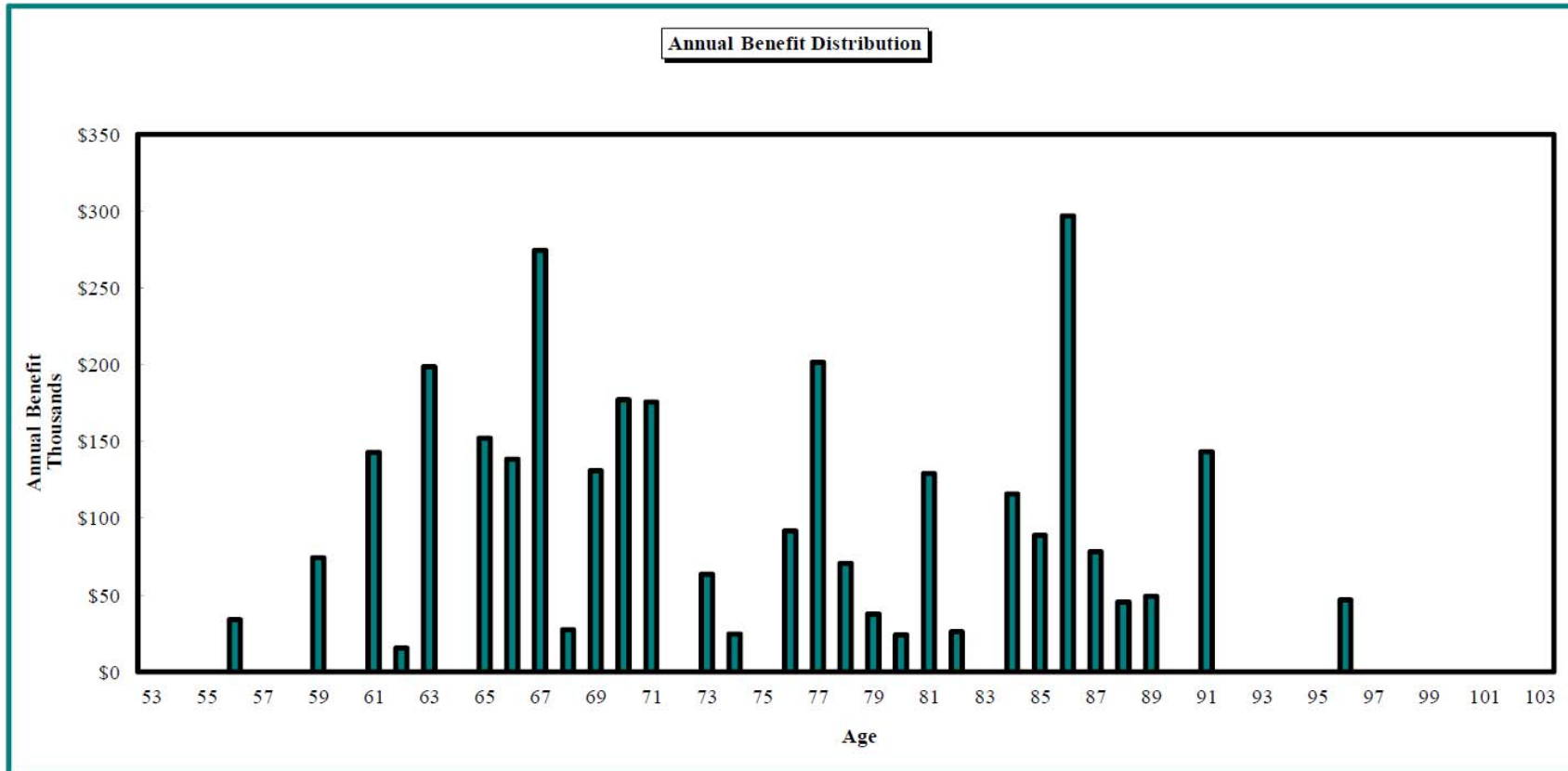
Age	Count	Annual Benefit	Age	Count	Annual Benefit
<25	0	\$0	73	1	\$63,549
25	0	\$0	74	1	\$24,504
26	0	\$0	75	0	\$0
27	0	\$0	76	2	\$91,606
28	0	\$0	77	3	\$201,458
29	0	\$0	78	1	\$70,686
30	0	\$0	79	1	\$37,639
31	0	\$0	80	1	\$24,112
32	0	\$0	81	3	\$129,076
33	0	\$0	82	1	\$26,120
34	0	\$0	83	0	\$0
35	0	\$0	84	3	\$115,734
36	0	\$0	85	2	\$88,922
37	0	\$0	86	6	\$296,988
38	0	\$0	87	2	\$78,015
39	0	\$0	88	2	\$45,457
40	0	\$0	89	2	\$49,090
41	0	\$0	90	0	\$0
42	0	\$0	91	3	\$143,284
43	0	\$0	92	0	\$0
44	0	\$0	93	0	\$0
45	0	\$0	94	0	\$0
46	0	\$0	95	0	\$0
47	0	\$0	96	1	\$46,751
48	0	\$0	97	0	\$0
49	0	\$0	98	0	\$0
50	0	\$0	99	0	\$0
51	0	\$0	100	0	\$0
52	0	\$0	101	0	\$0
53	0	\$0	102	0	\$0
54	0	\$0	103	0	\$0
55	0	\$0	104	0	\$0
56	1	\$34,007	105	0	\$0
57	0	\$0	106	0	\$0
58	0	\$0	107	0	\$0
59	2	\$74,330	108	0	\$0
60	0	\$0	109	0	\$0
61	2	\$142,847	110	0	\$0
62	1	\$15,358	111	0	\$0
63	3	\$198,659	112	0	\$0
64	0	\$0	113	0	\$0
65	5	\$152,190	114	0	\$0
66	3	\$138,463	115	0	\$0
67	5	\$274,537	116	0	\$0
68	1	\$27,566	117	0	\$0
69	3	\$130,832	118	0	\$0
70	3	\$177,243	119	0	\$0
71	3	\$175,599	120	0	\$0
72	0	\$0			
			Totals	67	\$3,074,623

The chart above reflects the counts and benefits used for valuation purposes as a result of data processing. The benefit amounts shown have been projected using a half year COLA assumption.

JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Retired Members, Survivors,  
and Disabled Members as of June 30, 2014**



**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX A  
MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION**

**Judges' Retirement System Distribution of Terminated Vested Members  
as of June 30, 2014**

Age	Count	Annual Benefit	Age	Count	Annual Benefit
<25	0	\$0	73	0	\$0
25	0	\$0	74	0	\$0
26	0	\$0	75	0	\$0
27	0	\$0	76	0	\$0
28	0	\$0	77	0	\$0
29	0	\$0	78	0	\$0
30	0	\$0	79	0	\$0
31	0	\$0	80	0	\$0
32	0	\$0	81	0	\$0
33	0	\$0	82	0	\$0
34	0	\$0	83	0	\$0
35	0	\$0	84	0	\$0
36	0	\$0	85	0	\$0
37	0	\$0	86	0	\$0
38	0	\$0	87	0	\$0
39	0	\$0	88	0	\$0
40	0	\$0	89	0	\$0
41	0	\$0	90	0	\$0
42	0	\$0	91	0	\$0
43	0	\$0	92	0	\$0
44	0	\$0	93	0	\$0
45	0	\$0	94	0	\$0
46	0	\$0	95	0	\$0
47	0	\$0	96	0	\$0
48	0	\$0	97	0	\$0
49	0	\$0	98	0	\$0
50	1	\$36,125	99	0	\$0
51	0	\$0	100	0	\$0
52	0	\$0	101	0	\$0
53	0	\$0	102	0	\$0
54	0	\$0	103	0	\$0
55	0	\$0	104	0	\$0
56	0	\$0	105	0	\$0
57	0	\$0	106	0	\$0
58	0	\$0	107	0	\$0
59	0	\$0	108	0	\$0
60	0	\$0	109	0	\$0
61	0	\$0	110	0	\$0
62	0	\$0	111	0	\$0
63	0	\$0	112	0	\$0
64	0	\$0	113	0	\$0
65	0	\$0	114	0	\$0
66	0	\$0	115	0	\$0
67	0	\$0	116	0	\$0
68	0	\$0	117	0	\$0
69	0	\$0	118	0	\$0
70	0	\$0	119	0	\$0
71	0	\$0	120	0	\$0
72	0	\$0			
Totals				1	\$36,125

The chart above reflects the counts and benefits used for valuation purposes as a result of data processing.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX B  
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS**

**A. Long-Term Assumptions Used to Determine Plan Costs and Liabilities**

**1. Demographic Assumptions**

**a. Healthy Retirees, Beneficiaries and Non-Retired Members**

Male and Female RP-2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables. To reflect mortality improvements since the date of the table and to project future mortality improvements, the tables are projected to 2015 using scale AA.

<b>Sample Rates of Healthy Mortality</b>		
<b>Age</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>
50	0.163%	0.130%
55	0.272%	0.241%
60	0.530%	0.469%
65	1.031%	0.900%
70	1.770%	1.553%
75	3.062%	2.492%
80	5.536%	4.129%
85	9.968%	7.076%
90	17.271%	12.588%

**b. Disabled Inactive Mortality**

Male and Female RP-2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables with no projections. No future mortality improvement is assumed.

<b>Sample Rates of Disabled Inactive Mortality</b>		
<b>Age</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>
50	0.214%	0.168%
55	0.362%	0.272%
60	0.675%	0.506%
65	1.274%	0.971%
70	2.221%	1.674%
75	3.783%	2.811%
80	6.437%	4.588%
85	11.076%	7.745%
90	18.341%	13.168%

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX B  
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS**

**c. Rates of Active Disability**

<b>Sample Rates of Active Disability</b>	
<b>Age</b>	<b>Rate</b>
22	0.00%
27	0.00%
32	0.01%
37	0.04%
42	0.10%
47	0.13%
52	0.25%
57	0.36%
62	0.00%

10% of disabilities are assumed to be duty-related and 90% are assumed to be non duty-related. All disabilities are assumed to be permanent and without recovery.

**d. Termination of Employment (Prior to Normal Retirement Eligibility)**

No terminations are assumed other than for retirement, death or disability.

**e. Retirement**

<b>Annual Retirement Rates</b>	
<b>Age</b>	<b>Rate</b>
60	15.00%
61 – 64	5.00%
65	15.00%
66 – 69	5.00%
70 & over	100.00%

Vested terminations are assumed to retire at their earliest unreduced eligibility.

**f. Merit/Seniority Salary Increase (in addition to across-the-board increase)**

Salary increases based upon an annual inflation rate of 4.00% with no increases assumed for merit or seniority.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX B  
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS**

**g. Family Composition**

Female spouses are assumed to be four years younger than males.

100% of non-retired employees are assumed married for both male and female employees.

Actual marital characteristics are used for pensioners.

**h. Vested Benefits for Terminated Members**

Vested benefits for members who terminated during the years ending June 30, 2009 and later were estimated based upon compensation and service information in the census data. For members who terminated prior to June 30, 2008, vested benefits valued were the same as had been calculated by the prior actuary for the June 30, 2008 actuarial valuation.

**2. Economic Assumptions**

<b>a. Rate of Investment Return:</b>	7.75% (net of investment expenses)
<b>b. Rate of Wage Inflation:</b>	4.00% (3.00% inflation plus 1.00% real wage increase)
<b>c. Interest on Member Contributions:</b>	3.50%
<b>d. Rate of Increase in Total Payroll</b>	4.00% (for amortization and non-GABA post retirement increases)
<b>e. Administrative Expenses as a Percentage of Payroll</b>	0.15%

**3. Changes since Last Valuation**

The administrative expense assumption is now explicitly stated as a cost element rather than being included implicitly within the investment return.

**APPENDIX B**  
**ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS**

**B. Actuarial Methods**

**1. Funding Method**

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost is determined as a level percent of pay individually for each active employee.

The actuarial accrued liability is that portion of the present value of projected benefits that will not be paid by future normal costs. The difference between this liability and funds accumulated as of the same date is referred to as the unfunded actuarial liability.

The portion of the actuarial accrued liability in excess of plan assets is amortized to develop an additional cost or savings which is added to each year's employer normal cost. Under this cost method, actuarial gains and losses are directly reflected in the size of the unfunded actuarial liability.

**2. Actuarial Value of Assets**

For purposes of determining the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, we use an actuarial value of assets. The asset adjustment method dampens the volatility in asset values that could occur because of fluctuations in market conditions. Use of an asset smoothing method is consistent with the long-term nature of the actuarial valuation process.

The actuarial value of assets is the current market value, adjusted by a four-year smoothing of gains and losses on a market value basis. Each year's gain or loss is determined as the difference between the actual market return and the expected market return using the assumed rate of investment return.

**3. Amortization Method**

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level percentage of future payroll. The valuation determines the period over which the statutory contributions will fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

**4. Changes since Last Valuation**

None.

**APPENDIX C  
SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

**1. Membership**

The plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that covers judges of district courts, justices of the supreme court, the chief water judge, and the associate water judge (effective July 1, 2011).

**2. Contributions**

Members contribute 7% of their compensation. Interest is credited at rates determined by the Board.

Member contributions are made through an “employer pick-up” arrangement which results in deferral of taxes on the contributions.

The Employer contributes 25.81% of each member’s compensation.

**3. Service Credit**

Service used to determine the amount of retirement benefit. One month of service credit is earned for each month where the member is paid for 160 hours. This includes certain transferred and purchased service.

**4. Membership Service**

Service used to determine eligibility for vesting, retirement or other JRS benefits. One month of membership service is earned for any month employee contributions are made to JRS, regardless of the number of hours worked.

**5. Current Salary or Highest Average Compensation (HAC)**

For members hired prior to July 1, 1997 and who have not elected GABA, benefits are calculated using current salary which means the current compensation of the office retired from.

For members hired on or after July 1, 1997, and those who elected GABA, benefits are calculated using HAC which is the average of the highest 36 consecutive months (or shorter period of total service) of compensation paid to the member. Compensation is specifically defined in law for JRS.

**APPENDIX C  
SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

For members hired on or after July 1, 2013, the Highest Average Compensation calculations initially exclude amounts over 110% of the compensation included for each previous year with this excess compensation, if any, divided by the member's total months of service credit and added to the compensation for each month considered part of the member's HAC.

Bonuses paid on or after July 1, 2013 to any member will not be treated as compensation for retirement purposes. No member or employer contributions will be paid on bonuses.

**6. Service Retirement**

Eligibility: Age 60 and five years of membership service.

Benefit:  $3\frac{1}{3}\%$  per year of current salary or highest average compensation for the first 15 years of service credit and 1.785% per year of current salary or highest average compensation for service credit over 15 years.

**7. Disability Benefit**

Eligibility: Five years of membership service for non-duty disability; any service for duty-related disability.

Benefit: For duty-related disability, the greater of 50% of current salary or HAC.

For regular disability, the actuarial equivalent of the normal retirement benefit.

**8. Survivor's Benefit**

Eligibility: Active or retired member.

Benefit: For duty-related deaths, the member's service retirement benefit on the date of death.

For non-duty-related active deaths, a refund of the member's accumulated contributions or actuarial equivalent of involuntary retirement benefits.

A beneficiary may elect to receive the present value of a monthly benefit as a single lump sum.

For retired members without a contingent annuitant, a payment will be made to the member's designated beneficiary equal to the accumulated contributions reduced by any retirement benefits already paid.

**APPENDIX C  
SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS**

**9. Vesting**

Eligibility: Five years of membership service.

Benefit: Accrued normal retirement benefit, payable when eligible for retirement. In lieu of a pension, a member may receive a refund of accumulated contributions. Upon receipt of a refund of contributions, a member's vested right to a monthly benefit shall be forfeited.

**10. Withdrawal of Employee Contributions**

Eligibility: Terminates service and is not eligible for other benefits.

Benefit: Accumulated employee contributions. Upon receipt of a refund of contributions a member's vested right to a monthly benefit is forfeited.

**11. Form of Payment**

The normal form of payment is a life annuity with a refund of any remaining account balance to a designated beneficiary. (Option 1)

Optional benefits: (i) Option 2, a joint and 100% survivor benefit, (ii) Option 3, a joint and 50% survivor benefit, and (iii) Option 4, a life annuity with a period certain. If a retiring member selects Option 2 or 3 and the designated beneficiary predeceases or is divorced from the member, the benefit may revert to the higher Option 1 benefit available at retirement or the retiree may select a different beneficiary and/or a different option within 18 months of the death or divorce.

**12. Post Retirement Benefit Increases**

For retired members who became active members on and after July 1, 1997 and those who elected to be covered under this provision, and who have been retired at least 12 months, a GABA will be made each year equal to 3%.

For retired members who were hired prior to July 1, 1997 and who did not elect GABA, the current salary of an active member in the same position is used to recalculate the monthly benefit.

**13. Changes since Last Valuation**

None.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX D  
GLOSSARY**

**1. Actuarial Assumptions**

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement; changes in compensation; inflation; rates of investment earnings, and asset appreciation or depreciation; and other relevant items.

**2. Actuarial Cost Method**

A procedure for determining the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits and expenses and for developing an allocation of such value to each year of service, usually in the form of a Normal Cost and an Actuarial Liability.

**3. Actuarial Gain (Loss)**

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions during the period between two Actuarial Valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular Actuarial Cost Method.

**4. Actuarial Liability**

The portion of the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits which will not be paid by future Normal Costs. It represents the value of the past Normal Costs with interest to the valuation date.

**5. Actuarial Present Value (Present Value)**

The value as of a given date of a future amount or series of payments. The Actuarial Present Value discounts the payments to the given date at the assumed investment return and includes the probability of the payment being made. As a simple example: assume you owe \$100 to a friend one year from now. Also, assume there is a 1% probability of your friend dying over the next year, in which case you won't be obligated to pay him. If the assumed investment return is 10%, the actuarial present value is:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \text{Amount} & & \text{Probability of} & & \text{1/(1+Investment} & & \\ & & \text{Payment} & & \text{Return)} & & \\ & & \text{(1 - .01)} & & \text{1/(1+.1)} & & \\ \$100 & \times & & \times & & = & \$90 \end{array}$$

**6. Actuarial Valuation**

The determination, as of a specified date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a pension plan.

**APPENDIX D  
GLOSSARY**

**7. Actuarial Value of Assets**

The value of cash, investments and other property belonging to a pension plan as used by the actuary for the purpose of an Actuarial Valuation. The purpose of an Actuarial Value of Assets is to smooth out fluctuations in market values. This way long-term costs are not distorted by short-term fluctuations in the market.

**8. Actuarially Equivalent**

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date with each value based on the same set of Actuarial Assumptions.

**9. Amortization Payment**

The portion of the pension plan contribution which is designed to pay interest and principal on the Unfunded Actuarial Liability in order to pay for that liability in a given number of years.

**10. Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method**

A method under which the Actuarial Present Value of the Projected Benefits of each individual included in an Actuarial Valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages.

**11. Funded Percentage**

The ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Liabilities.

**12. Inflation (CPI)**

The assumed increase in dollar related values in the future due to the general increase in the cost-of-living. The usual measure for inflation is the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

**13. Investment Return Assumption**

The assumed interest rate used for projecting dollar related values in the future.

**14. Mortality Table**

A set of percentages which estimate the probability of death at a particular point in time. Typically, the rates are annual and based on age and gender.

**JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2014**

**APPENDIX D  
GLOSSARY**

**15. Normal Cost**

That portion of the Actuarial Present Value of pension plan benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method.

**16. Projected Benefits**

Those pension plan benefit amounts which are expected to be paid in the future under a particular set of Actuarial Assumptions, taking into account such items as the effect of advancement in age and increases in future compensation and service credits.

**17. Unfunded Actuarial Liability**

The excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets.